CLINICAL TRIALS *Office based urology trials* Richard W. Casey, MD,¹ Jack Barkin, MD²

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BENIGN PROSTATIC HYPERPLASIA

| A DOSE-FINDING, MULTI-CENTRE, DOUBLE-BLIND, RANDOMIZED, PARALLEL, PLACEBO-CONTROLLED | | |
|---|---|--|
| TRIAL TO INVESTIGATE EFFICACY AND SAFETY OF DEGARELIX IN MEN WITH LOWER URINARY TRACT | | |
| SYMPTOMS (LUTS) ASSO | OCIATED WITH BENIGN PROSTATIC HYPERPLASIA (BPH) | |
| Trial ID: | FE200486 | |
| Coordination: | CMX Research Inc. | |
| Trial design: | This study is designed as a double-blind study to assess safety and efficacy of study drug (degarelix) in male subjects who present with lower urinary tract symptoms in association with BPH. | |
| Patient population: Sample size: | Lower urinary tract symptoms due to benign prostatic hyperplasia. n = 380 | |
| * | | |
| A PHASE II STUDY ASSESSING THE SAFETY AND EFFICACY OF A SINGLE TREATMENT OF 100 U, 200 U, or 300 U BOTOX® COMPARED WITH PLACEBO INJECTED INTO THE PROSTATE TO TREAT LOWER URINARY TRACT SYMPTOMS (LUTS) IN PATIENTS DUE TO BENIGN PROSTATIC HYPERPLASIA | | |
| Trial ID: | 191622-517-05 | |
| Coordination: | CMX Research Inc. | |
| Trial design: | A phase II study assessing the safety and efficacy of a single treatment of BOTOX® compared with placebo injected into the prostate. | |
| Patient population: | Lower urinary tract symptoms due to benign prostatic hyperplasia. | |
| Sample size: | n = 300 | |
| A RANDOMIZED, DOUBLE-BLIND, PLACEBO-CONTROLLED PHASE II STUDY OF TRANSPERINEAL INTRAPROSTATIC INJECTION OF PRX302 FOR THE TREATMENT OF BENIGN PROSTATIC HYPERPLASIA Trial ID: PRX30222-2-03 | | |
| Coordination: | CMX Research Inc. | |
| Trial design: | This study is designed as a randomized, double-blinded, placebo-controlled study of transperineal intraprostatic injection of PRX302, under sonographic guidance in subjects with orate to severe BPH. Subjects will be randomly assigned to one of two treatment groups in ratio of 2:1 between PRX302 and placebo, respectively and stratified by study site age and prostate size. | |
| Patient population: | This phase II trial of PRX302 will be conducted in a population of men with moderate to severe BPH. | |
| Sample size: | n = 100-120 | |

PROSTATE CANCER

BONE HEALTH OBSERVATIONAL STUDY

| Trial ID: | AZ-CMX-03 |
|---------------------|--|
| Coordination: | CMX Research Inc. |
| Trial design: | A prospective study to evaluate the incidence of skeletal related events in prostate |
| | cancer patients undergoing androgen deprivation therapy (ADT). |
| Patient population: | Male patients undergoing ADT for locally advance prostate cancer. |
| Sample size: | n = 600 |

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PROSTATE CANCER

| ELIGARD® OBSERVATIONAL REGISTRY | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Trial ID: | ELIGARD® OBSERVATIONAL REGISTRY | |
| Coordination: | CMX Research Inc. | |
| Trial design: | Long term treatment efficacy, safety and outcome data collection on prostate cancer | |
| | patients undergoing ADT Therapy with Eligard® utilizing web based database. | |
| Patient population: | Male patient with prostate cancer starting ADT with Eligard®. | |
| Sample size: | Unlimited | |

OVERACTIVE BLADDER

| 0.21010112.2211 | | |
|---|--|--|
| 12-WEEK, RANDOMIZED, DOUBLE-BLIND, DOUBLE-DUMMY, PLACEBO-CONTROLLED, PARALLEL-GROUP, MULTICENTER TRIAL TO EVALUATE THE EFFICACY AND SAFEYY OF FESOTERODINE IN COMPARISON TO TOLTERODINE ER IN PATIENT WITH OVERACTIVE BLADDER | | |
| Trial ID: | AO221046 | |
| Coordination: | CMX Research Inc. | |
| Trial design: | Phase IIIb/IV study to compare the efficacy of fesoterodine with that of placebo and | |
| | of tolterodine ER in subjects with overactive bladder, after 12 weeks of treatment. | |
| Patient population: | Male or female subjects who present with symptoms of OAB. | |
| Sample size: | n = 1675 | |
| A MULTICENTER, RANDOMIZED, DOUBLE-BLIND, PARALLEL GROUP STUDY TO EVALUATE THE EFFICACY AND SAFETY OF TWO DOSES OF DR-3001 VERSUS PLACEBO IN WOMEN WITH OVERACTIVE BLADDER | | |
| Trial ID: | DR-OXY-301 | |
| Coordination: | Duramed Research Inc. | |
| Trial design: | Phase III to evaluate the efficacy and safety of DR-3001 (Oxybutynin Vaginal Ring | |
| C C | releasing 4 mg or 6 mg/day) versus placebo over 12 weeks, in women diagnosed | |
| | with overactive bladder who have symptoms of pure or predominantly urge | |
| | incontinence, urgency and frequency. | |
| Patient population: | 1161 | |
| Sample size & endpoint: | n = 1548, the primary measure of efficacy will be the change from Visit 1 (Baseline) to Visit | |
| | 5 (Treatment Week 12/Early Withdrawal) in total weekly number of incontinence | |
| | episodes. | |
| A PHASE III, RANDOMIZI | ED, DOUBLE-BLIND, PARALLEL GROUP, PLACEBO CONTROLLED, MULTI-CENTER | |
| STUDY TO ASSESS THE E | EFFICACY AND SAFETY OF THE BETA-3 AGONIST YM178 (25 MG AND 50 MG) IN | |
| SUBJECTS WITH SYMPTO | OMS OF OVERACTIVE BLADDER. | |
| Trial ID: | 178-CL-074 | |
| Coordination: | CMX Research Inc. | |
| Trial design: | This is a multinational, multicenter, double-blind, randomized parallel group, placebo | |
| | controlled phase III study. Subjects will be enrolled into a single-blind, 2-week placebo | |
| | run-in period followed by randomized, double-blind placebo controlled, 12-week | |
| | treatment period (ratio 1:1:1) There are a total of 6 visits. | |
| Patient population: | Outpatient male or female subjects > than or equal to 18 years of age with symptoms | |
| | of OAB for \geq 3 months. At baseline subjects have average of \geq to 8 micturitions per 24 | |
| | hours and ≥ 1 urgency episode with or without incontinence per 24 hour period. | |
| Sample size & endpoint: | Approximately 1821 enrolled, 1311 randomized, and 1113 evaluable subjects. | |
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